

REGULATORY NOTIFICATION FORM

The Malaysia Productivity Corporation (MPC) assesses all regulatory proposals to determine whether Regulation Impact Analysis (RIA) is required. This form will help you identify the key features of your regulatory proposal, which, in turn, will allow MPC to assess whether RIA is required.

Name of Ministry/Department/Agency

Title of Proposal

Please provide a brief outline of the proposal. This could include the following information:

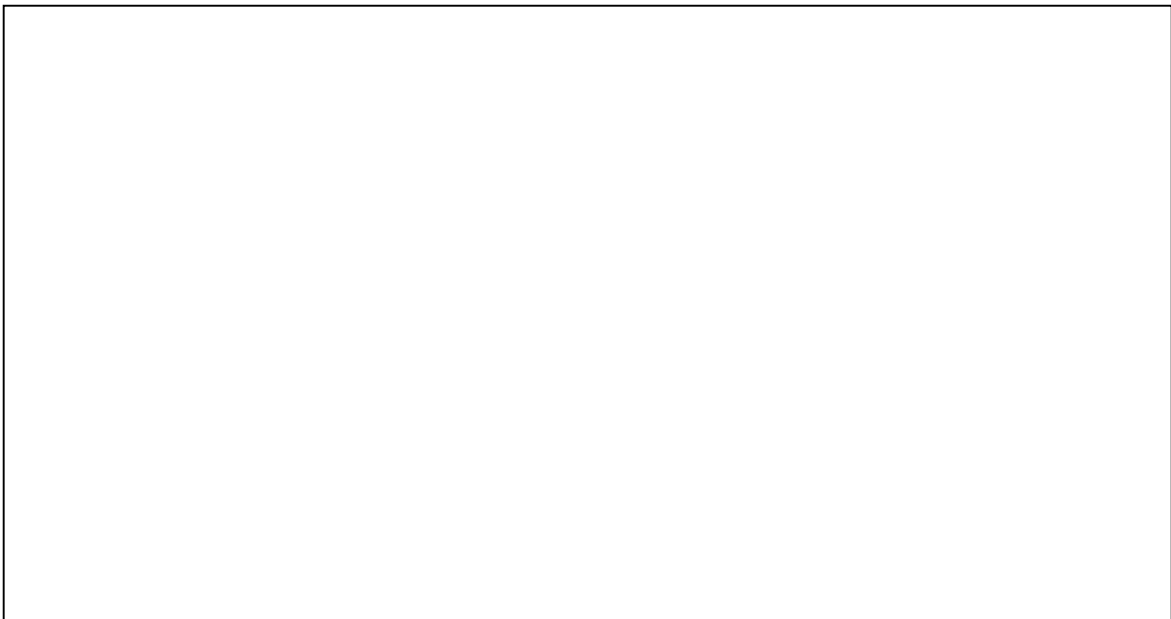
- The problem that the regulation is attempting to solve, and the government's objectives;
- Any preliminary options that are being considered; and
- Information on whether it is a proposal for a new regulation, or to amend an existing regulation.

Brief Outline of the Proposal

Is your proposal likely to have any regulatory impact? If so, please specify.

A large, empty rectangular box with a thin black border, intended for the user to provide details on the regulatory impact of their proposal.

Is your proposal likely to affect costs? If so, how?

A large, empty rectangular box with a thin black border, intended for the user to provide details on how their proposal might affect costs.

Timing

Key dates, as well as an indicative timeline, should both be clearly outlined in the box below.

Key dates and timeline of RIA Process

Date/Timeline	RIA Process

Contact Information

Please enter your contact information below.

Name:

Email:

Phone:

Date:

Please forward the completed form to MPC, Regulatory Review Department (regulatoryreview@mpc.gov.my) or call 03-79557266 to discuss your proposal with an MPC officer.

Important information:

Likely impact on the business and other stakeholders

RIA is required for all proposals that are expected to have a significant impact . whether positive or negative . on businesses or non-governmental organisations, unless these costs are of a minor nature.

Impacts may include:

Changes to the number or type of products and services that businesses can offer, such as:

- **Banning products or industry practices; and**
- **Changing the way in which products and services can be offered for sale.**

Impact on consumer demand for certain products and services, such as:

- **Increasing prices brought about by the regulation's requirements;**
- **Changing the information available to consumers;**
- **Requiring a self-regulatory regime for an industry sector;**
- **Changing the requirements for a licence, permit or other authorisation;**
- **Influencing the price or quantity of goods which are sold;**
- **Requiring conformance to mandatory standards for product/service quality; and**
- **Changing the price or restricting the types of input available to businesses.**

Compliance costs are those costs that businesses face as a result of dealing with the government. Compliance costs include:

- Requiring the collection and reporting of certain information;
- Keeping abreast of certain requirements and re-training staff;
- Changing operating procedures or purchasing patterns;
- Cooperating with audits or inspections; and
- Engaging lawyers, accountants or other advisors.